

## DAC - Closing the carbon cycle with e-fuels from air

Heat-to-fuel 9th of March



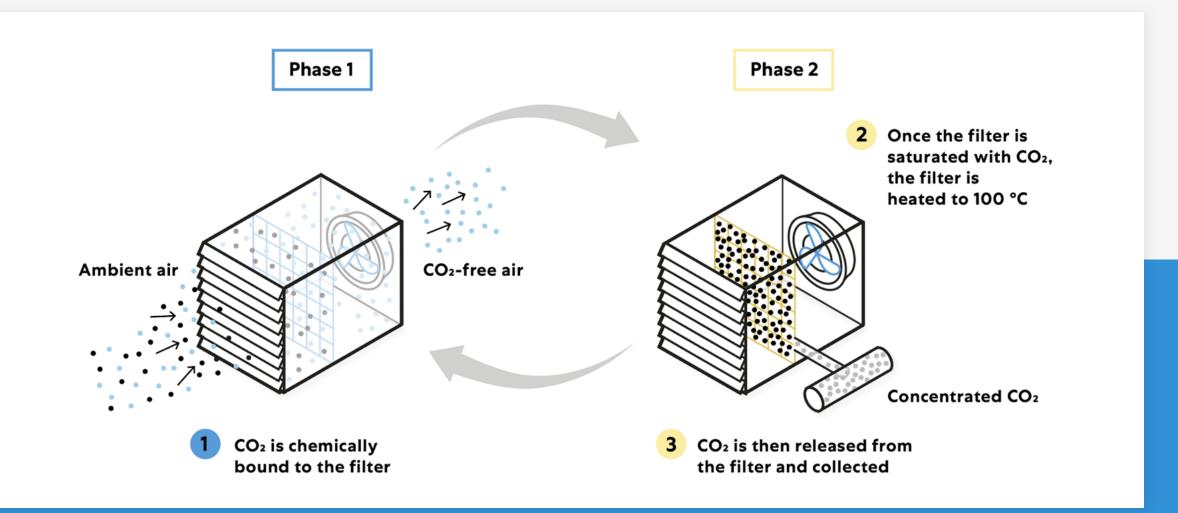
## **Our company**

- 120+ Climeworkers
- Headquarter in Zurich, Switzerland
- Subsidiary in Cologne, Germany and Hellisheiði, Iceland
- Raised more than USD 150 million equity and grants



## How our technology works





# The Climeworks solution

- World's first company supplying air-captured CO<sub>2</sub> to customers
- Scale-up via mass production of modular CO<sub>2</sub> collectors
- Low-temperature heat (renewable or waste) as main energy source
- Minimal carbon footprint: 90% net efficiency (mid-term target 96%)





## **Climeworks plant locations**

- **14 plants** currently in commissioning/operation across Europe
- Many 10'000 hours of operational experience
- Across a **wide range of climatic conditions** (Southern Italy vs. Iceland)

## **CO<sub>2</sub> for E-fuels : DACU vs. CCU**



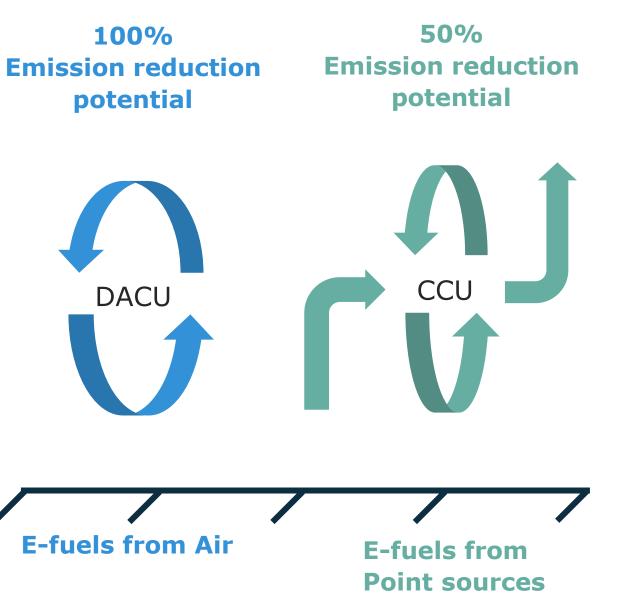
### Direct Air Capture & Use Air is an unlimited CO<sub>2</sub> source. Thus

Air is an unlimited  $CO_2$  source. Thus, the fuel potential is only restricted by the availability of renewable energy.

#### Carbon Capture & Use

Fuels from point sources have a lower emission reduction potential, since the carbon comes from fossil sources and is only recycled once.

Independent of point sources, DAC e-fuels can be produced where electricity is cheap.



## **Renewable fuels projects**





#### **KOPERNIKUS POWER-TO-X**

- Power-to-Liquids
- Supplied Climeworks Demonstrator
- 46 Partners, EUR 30 million budget



#### STORE&GO

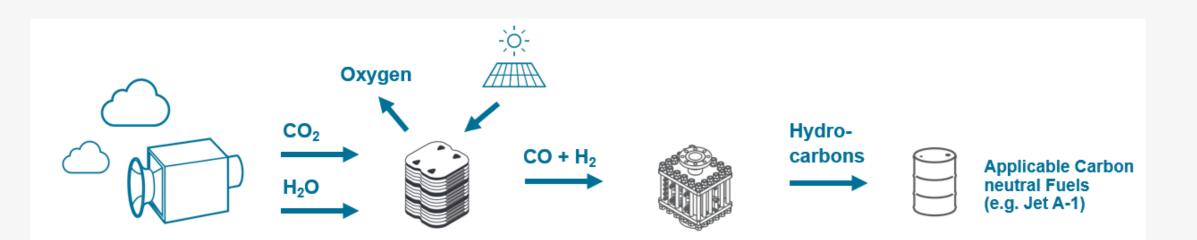
- Power-to-Methane
- Supplied Climeworks Plant DAC-3
- 27 Partners, EUR 27 million budget



#### Powerfuel

- Power-to-Liquids
- Supplied Climeworks Plant DAC-1
- 8 Partners, EUR 4 million budget

## The solution: E-Fuels from air and water



#### **Direct Air Capture**

Sustainable CO<sub>2</sub> captured from the air to ensure a closed carbon cycle. Fuels plant can be located where electricity costs are low.

#### **Co-Electrolysis**

Simultaneous separation of  $CO_2$  and water into syngas. Highly efficient conversion of renewable energy. > 80% efficiency.

#### Micro FT Reactor

Production of hydro-carbons free of sulphur and aromatics. Can easily withstand load cycles and is therefore suitable for renewable energy input.

#### Refining

Refining liquid hydro-carbons into applicable carbon neutral fuels. Internal product streams are recycled to ensure a high carbon efficiency.

### Norsk e-fuel





#### Until 2023 10 Mio. liters

- 10 million liters renewable fuel
- Start of operating of the first industrial plant in Herøya





#### Upscaling to 100 million liters in 2026

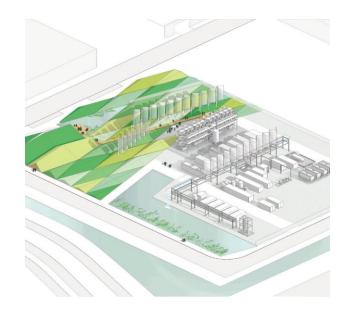
- Capturing CO2 from air
- Syngas produced from  $CO_2$  and water using 100% renewable electricity
- Renewable fuels generated from syngas
- Refined to final product
- Utilization of renewable fuels releases CO<sub>2</sub> back in the atmosphere

#### The future: Climate neutral transportation



## Zenid

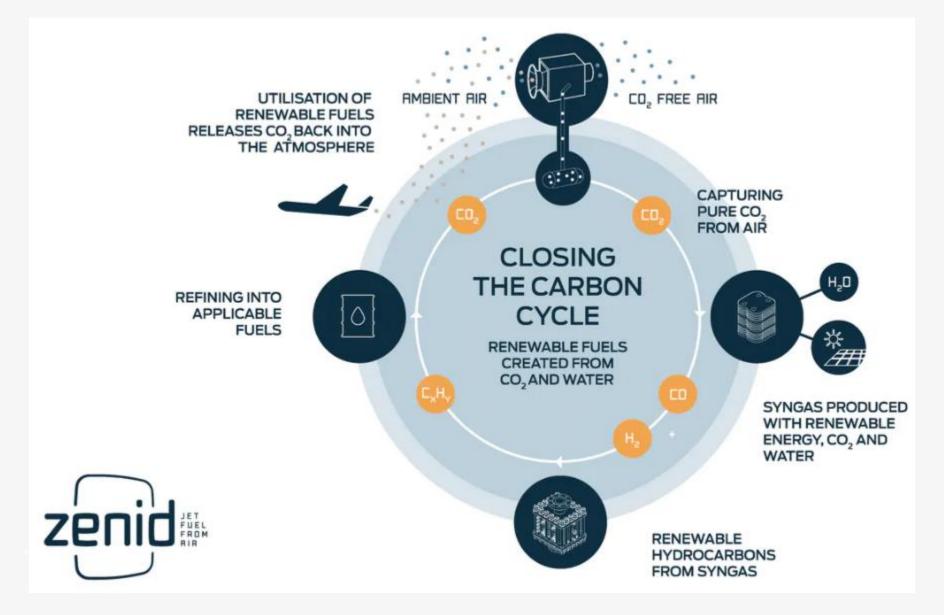
- Large scale and fully integrated demonstration plant for Jet Fuel from Air: 1,000 liters per day
- A lighthouse project for the aviation industry showing that sustainable flying is within reach
- Kick-starts the development of Jet Fuel from air to an industrial scale.





## **Closing the carbon cycle**





### **Orca construction site, February 2021**













#### Orca

- 4,000 tCO<sub>2</sub> per year
- Location: Close to Hellisheidi, Icleand
- Energy supply: Geothermal
- Carbfix CO<sub>2</sub> storage approach

## To inspire 1 billion people to remove carbon dioxide from the air.



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