Opportunities for Power-to-Gas on European level

Frank Graf DVGW Research Center at Engler-Bunte-Institut of KIT





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Motivation



EU GHG emissions trajectory in a 1.5°C scenario

Source: A Clean Planet for All – A European Long-term Strategic Vision for a Prosperous, modern, competitive and Climate Neutral Economy

To reach climate goals we will need innovative technologies to unlock the potential of renewable energies in Europe.

PtG technology will provide the necessary tools to decarbonise the energy system by producing "green" gas which can be

- stored for balancing the energy grid and for providing gas as backup for power generation
- used as clean fuel
- used for heating installations
- used as chemical energy for the industrial sector



Green molecules can be transported via existing gas infrastructure

- Europe has a well developed and highly integrated gas supply system
 - 2.2 Mio km of gas pipelines
 - 100 billion m³ of gas storage
- The system can be used for efficient transport of energy (hydrogen & methane)
- Gas consumption (2019): 4330 TWh
- Biogas injection in (2018): 25 TWh



Green methane vs. green hydrogen

Advantages hydrogen	Advantages methane
Higher efficiency in production process	Gas infrastructure exists
no carbon is needed for production	Gas appliance technologies are used in all energy sectors
No CO ₂ emissions in context with utilization	LNG is much more energy efficient than LH2 and infrastructure exist
Partially higher efficiency with utilization	Methane can also be used as carbon source for products





STORE&GO Key Facts

- 27 partners from
 6 European countries
- Runtime: 03/2016 02/2020
- Erection and operation of 3 PtG demo plants
- Intensive cross-cutting activities





Focus on methanation;

in accordance with funding call no H₂ investigated

Overview of Activities

- Operating and analysing 3 demo sites
 - Technical and economic analysis
 - Environmental impact
 - Optimized Operation schemes for gas grids



- Impact of PtG on the energy system
 - Benefits for operating distribution networks
 - Cost savings in transmission networks
 - Energy system simulations



- Reducing barriers
 - Discovering legal and regulatory obstacles
 - Outlook on cost and technology development
 - Social acceptance





- Market uptake
 - Analysis of future demand of 'green gases'
 - Macro-economic costs and benefits of the PtG
 - A European PtG roadmap



Three demo sites has proven the operational reliability of PtG



STORE&G**O**

Methanation technologies – Development of honeycomb methanation at KIT

Honeycomb design

- Heat dissipation vs. heat transport



200 cpsi (cells per square inch)

Reactor concept

Number and positioning _ of honeycombs



Diameter = 81 mm Length = 100 mm

Reactor design

- Positioning of pipes
- Heat usage _



181 pipes Length = 400 mm

Demo Site Falkenhagen, Germany

- Plant size: 1 MW
- Catalytic methanation
- CO₂ from bioethanol
- SNG injection in transportation grid
- thermal integration with veneer mill





Operation data

- Total operation time: 1,186 hours
- SNG-Injection: 270 MWh
- Gas Quality: >96 % CH₄, <2% H₂, <2% CO₂

Demo Site Solothurn, Switzerland

- Plant size: 700 kW
- Biological methanation
- CO₂ from waste water
- Urban gas distribution grid





Operation data

- Total operation time: 1,230 hours
- SNG-Injection: 189 MWh
- Gas Quality: >96 % CH_{4}

Demo Site Troia, Italy

- Plant size: 200 kW
- Catalytic methanation
- CO_2 from air
- Liquefaction to "LNG"





Operation data

- Total operation time: 761 hours
- Production of SNG: 47 MWh
- Gas Quality before liquefaction: >96 % CH₄

Key Findings from Cross-Cutting Activities

- Operating and analysing 3 demo sites
 - All sites produce high-quality methane
 - Integration into daily grid operation feasible
 - Experiences and expectations were analysed



- Reducing barriers
 - Future need highly dependent on political and economical conditions
 - Political framework is not yet ready for market uptake of power-to-gas
 - Social acceptance of PtG good; can be boosted by stated support from authorities

- Impact of PtG on the energy system
 - Most scenarios show relevant need for power-to-gas in the range of 50 - 200 GW; optimistic up to 660 GW,
 - covering 75% of gas demand.
 - PtG beneficial for operation of electricity distribution and transmission grids
 - Market uptake
 - High generation potential for renewable gas within EU, e.g.:
 - 500 2500 TWh from biomass fermentation*
 - PtG with CO₂ from fermentation: another 250 - 1200 TWh

*assuming that 1/3 of technical potential is used

Cost development of electrolysis and methanantion systems related to scaling effects and technological learning



Source: Store&Go Deliverable 8.10, Roadmap for large-scale storage based PtG conversion in the EU up to 2050

For more information visit www.storeandgo.info

- Project material
- 33 public Deliverables
- 16 scientific open access papers
- Press releases

Innovative large-scale energy storage technologies and Power-to-Gas concepts after optimisation

Roadmap for large-scale storage based PtG conversion in the EU up to 2050





Thanks for Your attention



Dr. Frank Graf graf@dvgw-ebi.de +49 (0) 721 608-41221 www.dvgw-ebi.de

