BL2F

Biofuel Co-production at Pulp Mill by Novel HTL Technology

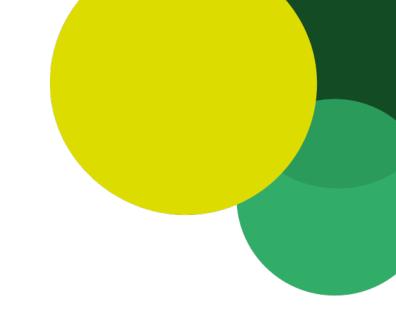
Heat-to-Fuel, 27th April 2022, Vienna





The BL2F Project

Black Liquor to Fuel (BL2F) is a H2020 project that will transform **Black Liquor** into a new, clean biofuel for aviation and shipping







12 partners

8 countries



36 months



Project Goals

Create a high-quality drop-in biofuel

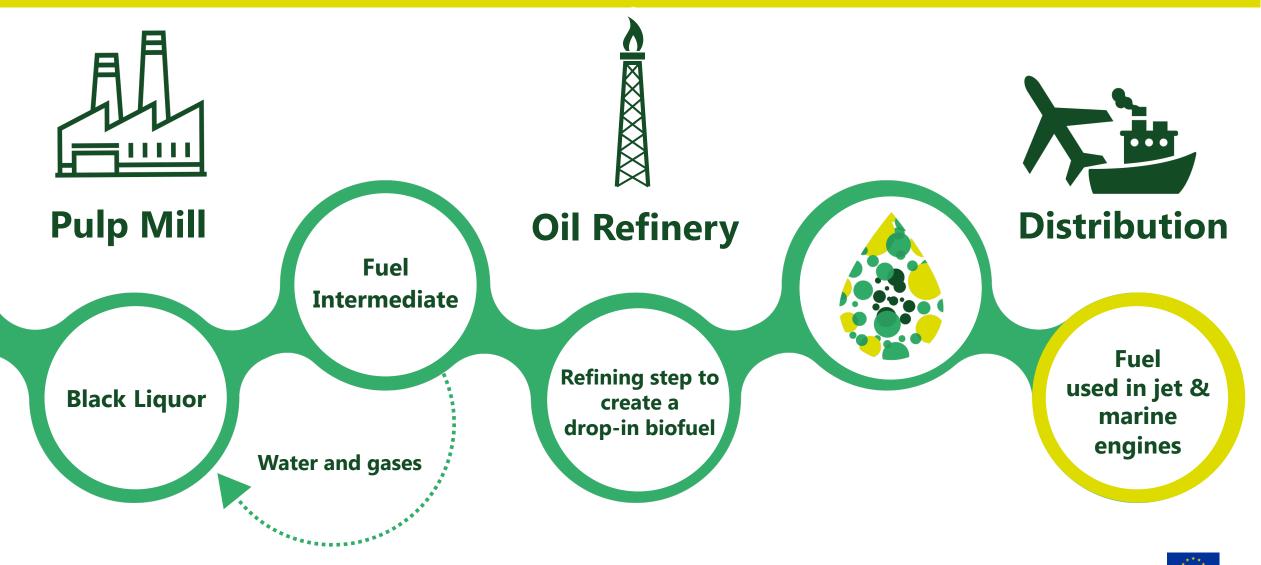
Decrease carbon emissions from aviation and shipping



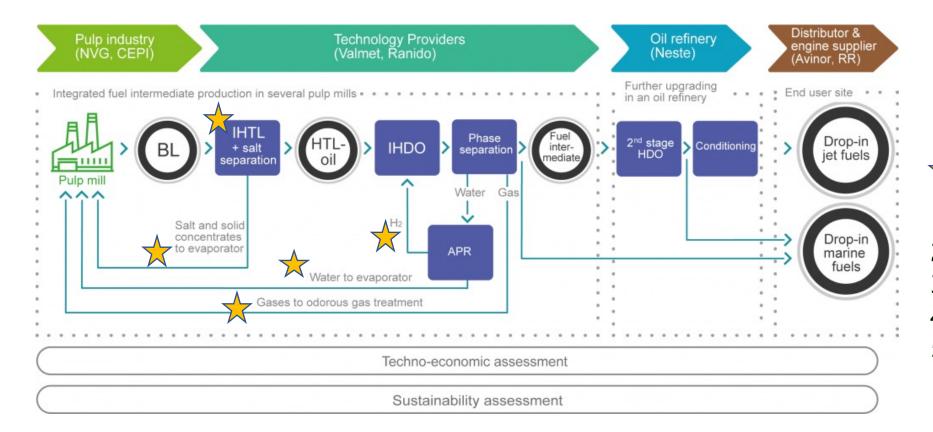
Decrease the use of fossil fuels



The BL2F Process



The BL2F Value-Chain



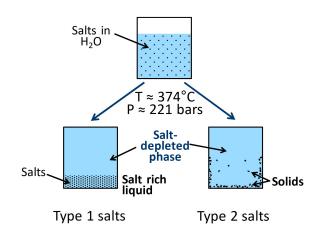
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- I. Salt separation
- 2. Solids/salt handling
- 3. Water handling
- 4. Gas handling
- 5. Hydrogen production



Salt Separation Integrated-HTL

- Salts have limited solubility in supercritical water
- Salts 1 and 2 behave differently
- Black liquor contains both types





| Ions | HO ⁻ | Cl- | CO3 ²⁻ | SO_4^{2-} |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------------------|-------------|
| Mg^{2+} Ca ²⁺ | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Ca ²⁺ | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Na ⁺ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| K^+ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

Lappalainen, Jukka, David Baudouin, Ursel Hornung, Julia Schuler, Kristian Melin, Saša Bjelić, Frédéric Vogel, Jukka Konttinen, and Tero Joronen. "Sub-and Supercritical Water Liquefaction of Kraft Lignin and Black Liquor Derived Lignin." *Energies* 13, no. 13 (2020): 3309

Financial Estimate of Pulp Mill Integration

Integration to a pulp mill

- Abundant and Pumpable feedstock
- Homogenous quality
- Thermal integration (steam system of recovery boiler)
- Evaporator for preheating/ concentration
- Solids, water and gas handling
- Existing operation and maintenance personnel

| Biomass conv technology | IHTL | HTL | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------|------|--|--|
| Technology d level | R&D | | | | |
| Plant size | 1000t/a | 150 | 180 | | |
| O&M | M€/1000t | 0.40 | 0.22 | | |
| Investment | M€/1000t | 0.73 | 2.00 | | |
| Total | M€/1000t (| 1.23 | 2.22 | | |
| 45% saving | | | | | |

- Ong et al. Co-liquefaction of BL and Radiate Pine
 Cost of ~ 0.7 €/L
- Funkerbusch et al. at large Kraft pulp, excess lignin feedstock

Cost of ~ 0.4 €/L

Lappalainen, Jukka, David Baudouin, Ursel Hornung, Julia Schuler, Kristian Melin, Saša Bjelić, Frédéric Vogel, Jukka Konttinen, and Tero Joronen. "Sub-and Supercritical Water Liquefaction of Kraft Lignin and Black Liquor Derived Lignin." *Energies* 13, no. 13 (2020): 3309

Ong, Benjamin HY, et al. "A Kraft Mill-Integrated Hydrothermal Liquefaction Process for Liquid Fuel Co-Production." *Processes* 8.10 (2020): 1216

Funkenbusch, LiLu T., Michael E. Mullins, Lennart Vamling, Tallal Belkhieri, Nattapol Srettiwat, Olumide Winjobi, David R. Shonnard, and Tony N. Rogers. "Technoeconomic assessment of hydrothermal liquefaction oil from lignin with catalytic upgrading for renewable fuel and chemical production." *Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Energy and Environment* 8, no. 1 (2019): e319



Reactor Design at Tampere University

Objective:

- Effective HTL reaction
- Simultaneous removal of salts

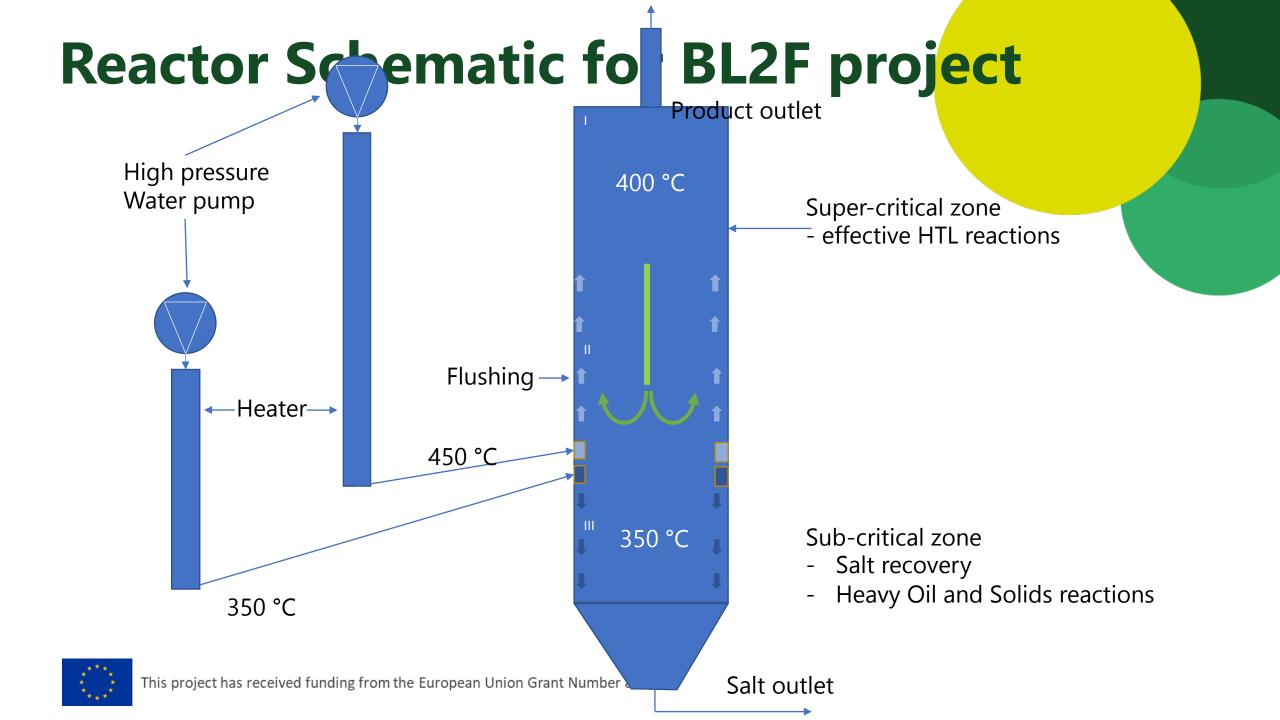
Requirement:

- Uniform temperature distribution
- Sufficient residence time

Design challenges:

- Wall heat transfer not effective because of thickness of the reactor walls
- Plugging of reactor due to crystallization of Type-2 salts
- Products extraction

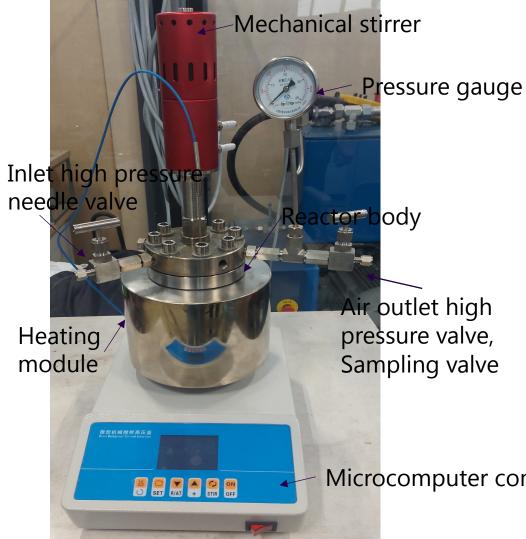




HTL facility developed at Tampere University – BL2F and other HTL facilities



Batch Reactor Facility

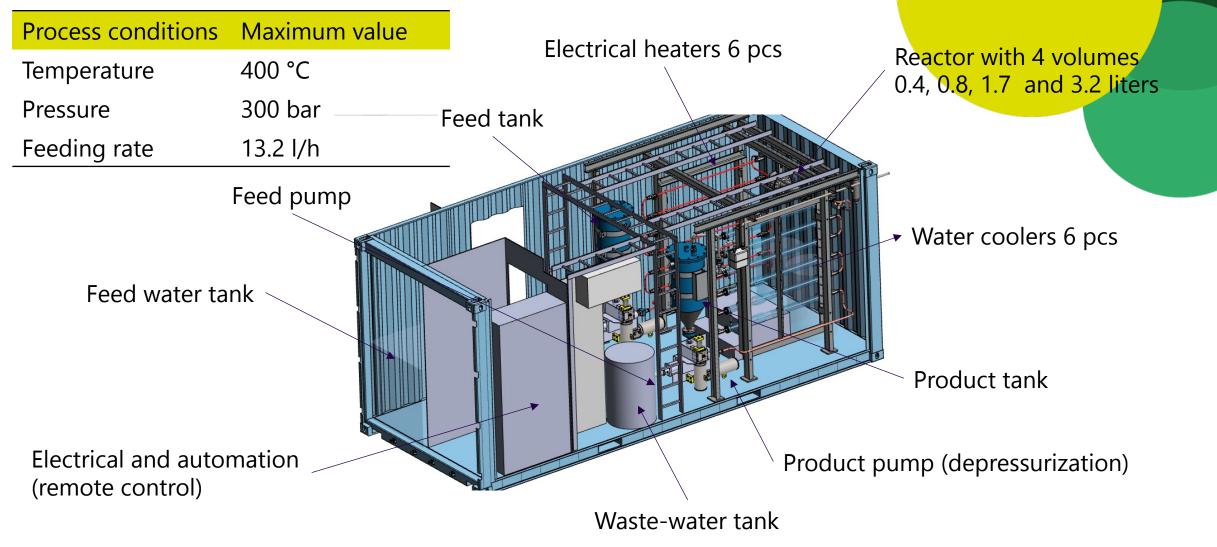


| Specifications | Value |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Volume | 500 ml |
| Kettle Material | SS 304 |
| Operating Temperature | 450 °C |
| Working maximum pressure | 0-35 Mpa |
| Stir Method | Mechanical stirring |
| Manufacturer | Ollital Technology |

Microcomputer control

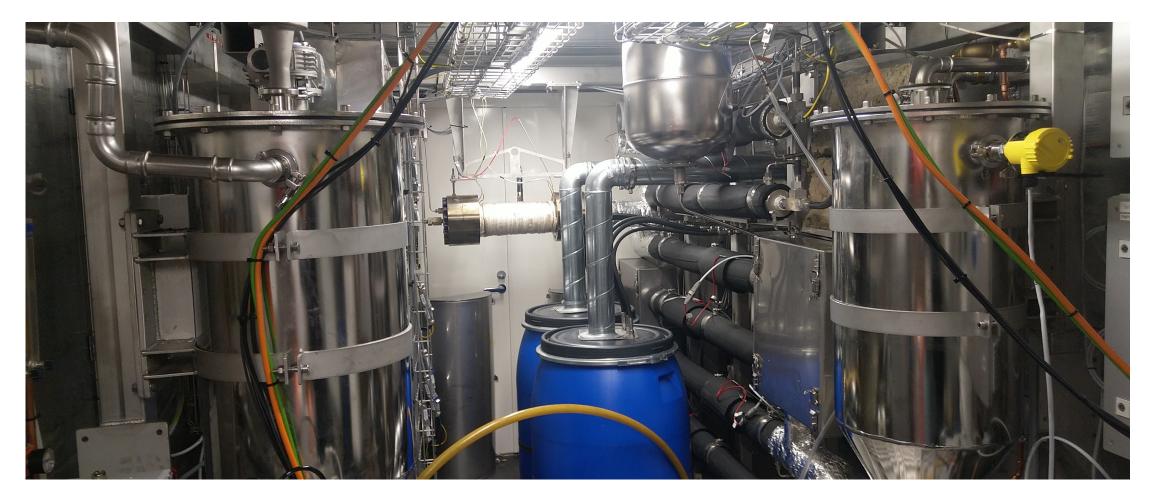


Continuous Reactor Facility - EHTA





EHTA process





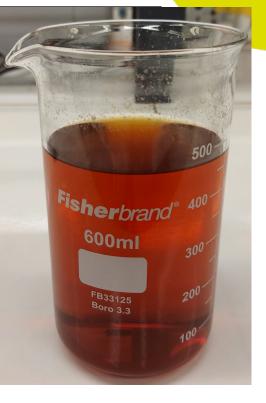
First result from our Continuous experiments



First product from Continuous EHTA facility



| Specification | Value |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Feedstock | Biowaste |
| Feedstock particle diameter | <500 µm |
| Feedstock concentration | 10 wt% |
| Temperature | 350 °C |
| Pressure | 220 bar |
| Residence time | 15 min |
| | |



Bio-crude from EHTA test equipment Aqueous phase after biocrude separation



Analysis of HTL product and feedstock

Elemental analysis of Lignin, Biocrude and Hydrochar

| Sample | N | С | Н | S | 0 | Ash | HHV* |
|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Lignin | 0.47 | 53.64 | 5.8 | 4.85 | 35.4 | 0.08 | 29.556 |
| Hydrochar | 0.25 | 48.4 | 3.208 | 0.972 | 21.44 | 25.72 | 23.14 |
| Biocrude | 0.412 | 80.247 | 7.135 | 1.127 | 8.88 | 2.3 | 37.52 |

*Higher heating values (HHV) were calculated according to Boie's formula: HHV = 0.3516 C + 1.16225 H + 0.1109 O + 0.0628 N

TOC analysis of Aqueous phase

| Sample | ТОС | ТС | LC |
|---------------|-------|-------|------|
| Aqueous phase | 24600 | 32820 | 8214 |



BL2F Partners:













Valmet 🔶









Thank you!

Get in touch with the project:

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Website: <u>www.bl2f.eu</u>

